

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name H8950 - CHLOR-CLEAN TABLETS

Synonym(s) 6.5G CHLOR-CLEAN DETERGENT SANITISER TABLETS • DETERGENT SANITISER TABLETS

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) COMBINED CLEANING AND DISINFECTION OF SURFACES

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name HELIX SOLUTIONS ABN 39 076 343 305

Address 38 Samphire Road, Canning Vale, WA, 6155, AUSTRALIA

Telephone (08) 9288 4427 **Fax** (08) 9278 2525

Email <u>efindlay@helixsolutions.net.au</u>
Website www.helixsolutions.net.au

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 0401 527 311

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

GHS classification(s) Acute Toxicity: Oral: Category 4

Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 2A

Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic): Category 1

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3

2.2 Label elements

Signal word WARNING

Pictogram(s)





Hazard statement(s)

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

AUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas

Prevention statement(s)

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

ChemAlert.

Response statement(s)

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage statement(s)

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal statement(s)

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
SODIUM DICHLOROISOCYANURATE	2893-78-9	220-767-7	~ >30%
ADIPIC ACID	124-04-9	204-673-3	<12%
SODIUM TOLUENESULPHONATE	12068-03-0	235-088-1	5 to 10%
SILICON DIOXIDE	7631-86-9	231-545-4	<1%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use a Full-face Type B-Class P1 (Inorganic

and acid gas, Particulate) respirator or an Air-line respirator (in poorly ventilated areas). Apply artificial

respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable - oxidising agent. May evolve toxic gases (chlorides, nitrogen/ sodium oxides) when heated to decomposition. May ignite in contact with incompatible materials.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Contact with water may evolve toxic chlorine gas.

ChemAlert.

SDS Date: 18 Aug 2015 Version No: 1.5

Page 2 of 7

5.4 Hazchem code

None allocated.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Avoid generating dust.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal,

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from water or moisture, incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should be bunded and have appropriate fire protection and ventilation systems.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
Ingredient		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Fumed silica (respirable dust)	SWA (AUS)		2		

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction **Engineering controls**

ventilation is recommended. Maintain dust levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

Wear safety glasses. Eye / Face Hands

When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls. **Body**

Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Type B-Class P1 (Inorganic gases/vapours and Particulate) Respiratory

Page 3 of 7

respirator.



Use any non-porous gloves.



SDS Date: 18 Aug 2015

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance FLAT WHITE TABLET

Odour CHARACTERISTIC CHLORINE ODOUR

Flammability NON FLAMMABLE Flash point **NOT RELEVANT Boiling point NOT AVAILABLE Melting point NOT AVAILABLE Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE** Hq 5.0 to 6.0 (solution) Vapour density **NOT AVAILABLE** Specific gravity **NOT AVAILABLE** Solubility (water) SOLUBLE

Vapour pressure **NOT AVAILABLE** Upper explosion limit **NOT RELEVANT** Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature **NOT AVAILABLE Decomposition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE **Viscosity** NOT AVAILABLE **Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE** Oxidising properties **NOT AVAILABLE** Odour threshold **NOT AVAILABLE**

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidising agent. Incompatible with water (evolving toxic chlorine gas), combustible materials, reducing agents (e.g. amines, ammonia compounds), acids (e.g. cyanuric acid) and heat sources.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (chlorides, nitrogen/ sodium oxides) when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Health hazard Irritant - slightly corrosive. This product has the potential to cause adverse health effects with over exposure. summary

Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Upon contact with water, low levels of corrosive and highly irritating chlorine and hydrogen chloride vapour are released. When used in small

quantities, the potential for over exposure is reduced.

Eye Irritant, Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness. May result in burns with prolonged

Inhalation Slightly corrosive - irritant. Over exposure to dust or vapours may result in irritation of the nose and throat,

with coughing. High level exposure may result in burning pain, inflammation and ulceration of the respiratory

tract. Effects may be delayed.

Slightly corrosive. Contact may result in irritation, redness, pain, rash, dermatitis and possible burns. Skin

Harmful - irritant. Ingestion may result in burns to the mouth and throat, nausea, vomiting and abdominal Ingestion

pain.

SODIUM DICHLOROISOCYANURATE (2893-78-9) **Toxicity data**



SDS Date: 18 Aug 2015 Version No: 1.5

Page 4 of 7

SODIUM DICHLOROISOCYANURATE (2893-78-9) LD50 (oral) 1670 mg/kg (mammal)

ADIPIC ACID (124-04-9)

LD50 (oral) 1900 mg/kg (mouse)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

Dichloroisocyanurates release chlorine in contact with water or moisture. Chlorine is highly toxic to all forms of aquatic life. Free chlorine has very low stability in natural water as it readily oxidises inorganic and organic compounds. There is no potential for bioaccumulation or bioconcentration.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Wearing personal protective equi

Wearing personal protective equipment, cover with a WEAK reducing agent (e.g. sodium bisulphite, thiosulphate, or ferrous salt; but NOT sulphur, carbon or strong reducing agent). Mix well and spray with water. Add 3M sulphuric acid if sulphite or ferrous salt is used. Add to container of water and neutralise with soda ash. Collect and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional

information (if required).

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE, IMDG OR IATA

	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.3 Transport hazard class	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
14.4 Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated

14.5 Environmental hazards No information provided

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code None Allocated

Other information Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not

subject to this Code when transported by road or rail in;

(a) packagings;(b) IBCs; or

(c) any other receptacle not exceeding 500 kg(L).

- Australian Special Provisions (SP AU01) - ADG Code 7th Ed.

Labels Required: MISCELLANEOÙS.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION



SDS Date: 18 Aug 2015

Page 5 of 7 Version No: 1.5

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the

Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous

Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)].

Hazard codes N Dangerous for the environment

T Toxic
Xi Irritant
Xn Harmful

Risk phrases R22 Harmful if swallowed.

R31 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.
R36/37 Irritating to eyes and respiratory system.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

Safety phrases S8 Keep container dry.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice

S41 In case of fire and/or explosion, do not breathe fumes.

Inventory listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

EXPOSURE STANDARDS - TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE (TWA) or WES (WORKPLACE EXPOSURE STANDARD) (NZ): Exposure standards are established on the premise of an 8 hour work period of normal intensity, under normal climatic conditions and where a 16 hour break between shifts exists to enable the body to eliminate absorbed contaminants. In the following circumstances, exposure standards must be reduced: Strenuous work conditions; hot, humid climates; high altitude conditions; extended shifts (which increase the exposure period and shorten the period of recuperation).

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

ChemAlert.

SDS Date: 18 Aug 2015

Abbreviations ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

Prepared by

Risk Management Technologies 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth Western Australia 6005 Phone: +61 8 9322 1711 Fax: +61 8 9322 1794 Email: info@rmt.com.au Web: www.rmt.com.au.

[End of SDS]

Page 7 of 7



SDS Date: 18 Aug 2015